NICOTINE PRODUCT RESTRICTIONS 1 2 2010 GENERAL SESSION 3 STATE OF UTAH **Chief Sponsor: Paul Ray** 4 5 Senate Sponsor: 6 7 **LONG TITLE** 8 **General Description:** 9 This bill amends provisions of the Uniform Driver License Act, provisions relating to 10 the state system of public education, the Utah Criminal Code, and the Utah Code of 11 Criminal Procedure to place restrictions on the provision, obtaining, and possession of a 12 nicotine product and to enforce these restrictions. **Highlighted Provisions:** 13 14 This bill: 15 defines terms: 16 makes it a class A misdemeanor to knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer a 17 false or altered driver license certificate or identification card to procure a nicotine 18 product; 19 provides that the State Board of Education may, and local boards of education and governing boards of charter schools shall, adopt rules that prohibit the illicit use, 20 21 possession, or distribution of a nicotine product; • subject to certain exceptions, prohibits, and provides penalties for, the provision, 22 23 obtaining, or possession of a nicotine product; 24 describes when sale of a nicotine product is required to be face-to-face and provides

3rd Sub. (Cherry) H.B. 71 02-04-10 8:43 PM 25 criminal penalties for violation of those requirements; 26 addresses enforcement of, and investigation of violations of, the provisions of this bill; 27 28 describes when free distribution of a nicotine product is prohibited and provides 29 criminal penalties for violation of those prohibitions; and 30 makes technical changes. 31 **Monies Appropriated in this Bill:** 32 None 33 **Other Special Clauses:** 34 This bill coordinates with H.B. 88, Electronic Cigarette Restrictions, by providing 35 technical amendments. 36 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 37 AMENDS: 38 **53-3-229**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197 39 **53-3-810**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197 40 **53A-11-908**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 161 41 **76-8-311.3**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 42 **77-39-101**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 342 43 **ENACTS**: 44 **76-10-3001**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 45 **76-10-3002**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 46 **76-10-3003**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 47 **76-10-3004**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 48 **76-10-3005**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 49 **76-10-3006**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 50 **76-10-3007**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 51 **Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:**

51 Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause: 52 53-3-229, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197 53 53-3-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197 54 53A-11-908, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 161

76-8-311.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382

77-39-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 342
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 53-3-229 is amended to read:
53-3-229. Prohibited uses of license certificate Penalty.
(1) It is a class C misdemeanor for a person to:
(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of a license certificate issued to the person, by a
person not entitled to it;
(b) display or to represent as the person's own a license certificate not issued to the
person;
(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any license
certificate issued by the division;
(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for a license or any
renewal or duplicate of the license certificate, or to knowingly make a false statement, or to
knowingly conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in the application;
(e) display a canceled, denied, revoked, suspended, or disqualified driver license
certificate as a valid driver license certificate;
(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic
driver license certificate issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic driver
license certificate issued by that governmental entity; or
(g) alter any information on an authentic driver license certificate so that it no longer
represents the information originally displayed.
(2) The provisions of Subsection (1)(e) do not prohibit the use of a person's driver
license certificate as a means of personal identification.
(3) It is a class A misdemeanor to knowingly:
(a) [knowingly] issue a driver license certificate with false or fraudulent information;
(b) [knowingly] issue a driver license certificate to a person younger than 21 years of
age if the driver license certificate is not distinguished as required for a person younger than 21
years of age under Section 53-3-207; or
(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license
certificate to procure:

0/	(1) cigarenes[7];
88	(ii) tobacco[, or tobacco products.];
89	(iii) a tobacco product; or
90	(iv) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
91	(4) A person may not use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license certificate
92	to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic beverages are sold
93	or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in violation of
94	Section 32A-1-301.
95	(5) It is a third degree felony if a person's acquisition, use, display, or transfer of a false
96	or altered driver license certificate:
97	(a) aids or furthers the person's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or services; or
98	(b) aids or furthers the person's efforts to commit a violent felony.
99	Section 2. Section 53-3-810 is amended to read:
100	53-3-810. Prohibited uses of identification card Penalties.
101	(1) It is a class C misdemeanor to:
102	(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of an identification card issued to the person, by a
103	person not entitled to it;
104	(b) display or to represent as the person's own an identification card not issued to the
105	person;
106	(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any identification
107	card issued by the division;
108	(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for an identification card
109	or any renewal or duplicate of the identification card, or to knowingly make a false statement,
110	or to knowingly conceal a material fact in the application;
111	(e) display a revoked identification card as a valid identification card;
112	(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic
113	identification card issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic identification
114	card issued by that governmental entity; or
115	(g) alter any information contained on an authentic identification card so that it no
116	longer represents the information originally displayed.
117	(2) It is a class A misdemeanor to knowingly:

110	(a) [knowingry] issue an identification card with faise or fraudulent information;
119	(b) [knowingly] issue an identification card to any person younger than 21 years of age
120	if the identification card is not distinguished as required for a person younger than 21 years of
121	age under Section 53-3-806; or
122	(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered identification card to
123	procure:
124	(i) cigarettes[;];
125	(ii) tobacco[, or tobacco products.];
126	(iii) a tobacco product; or
127	(iv) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
128	(3) A person may not knowingly use, display, or transfer a false or altered
129	identification card to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic
130	beverages are sold or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in
131	violation of Section 32A-1-301.
132	(4) It is a third degree felony if a person's acquisition, use, display, or transfer of a false
133	or altered identification card:
134	(a) aids or furthers the person's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or services; or
135	(b) aids or furthers the person's efforts to commit a violent felony.
136	Section 3. Section 53A-11-908 is amended to read:
137	53A-11-908. Extracurricular activities Prohibited conduct Reporting of
138	violations Limitation of liability.
139	(1) The Legislature recognizes that:
140	(a) participation in student government and extracurricular activities may confer
141	important educational and lifetime benefits upon students, and encourages school districts and
142	charter schools to provide a variety of opportunities for all students to participate in such
143	activities in meaningful ways;
144	(b) there is no constitutional right to participate in these types of activities, and does
145	not through this section or any other provision of law create such a right;
146	(c) students who participate in student government and extracurricular activities,
147	particularly competitive athletics, and the adult coaches, advisors, and assistants who direct
148	those activities, become role models for others in the school and community;

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- 149 (d) these individuals often play major roles in establishing standards of acceptable 150 behavior in the school and community, and establishing and maintaining the reputation of the 151 school and the level of community confidence and support afforded the school; and 152 (e) it is of the utmost importance that those involved in student government, whether as officers or advisors, and those involved in competitive athletics and related activities, whether 153 154 students or staff, comply with all applicable laws and rules of behavior and conduct themselves 155 at all times in a manner befitting their positions and responsibilities. 156 (2) (a) The State Board of Education may, and local boards of education and governing 157 boards of charter schools shall, adopt rules implementing this section that apply to both 158 students and staff. 159 (b) Those rules shall include prohibitions against the following types of conduct, while 160 in the classroom, on school property, during school sponsored activities, or regardless of the location or circumstance, affecting a person or property described in Subsections 161 162 53A-11-902(5)(a) through (d): 163 (i) use of foul, abusive, or profane language while engaged in school related activities; 164 (ii) illicit use, possession, or distribution of controlled substances or drug paraphernalia, and the use, possession, or distribution of a nicotine product as defined in 165 166 Section 76-10-3002, tobacco, or alcoholic beverages contrary to law; and 167 (iii) hazing, demeaning, or assaultive behavior, whether consensual or not, including behavior involving physical violence, restraint, improper touching, or inappropriate exposure 168 169 of body parts not normally exposed in public settings, forced ingestion of any substance, or any act which would constitute a crime against a person or public order under Utah law. 170 171 (3) (a) School employees who reasonably believe that a violation of this section may 172 have occurred shall immediately report that belief to the school principal, district 173 superintendent, or chief administrative officer of a charter school. 174 (b) Principals who receive a report under Subsection (3)(a) shall submit a report of the alleged incident, and actions taken in response, to the district superintendent or the 175
 - superintendent's designee within 10 working days after receipt of the report.
 - (c) Failure of a person holding a professional certificate to report as required under this Subsection (3) constitutes an unprofessional practice.
 - (4) Limitations of liability set forth under Section 53A-11-1004 apply to this section.

180	Section 4. Section 76-8-311.3 is amended to read:
181	76-8-311.3. Items prohibited in correctional and mental health facilities
182	Penalties.
183	(1) As used in this section:
184	(a) "Contraband" means any item not specifically prohibited for possession by
185	offenders under this section or Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
186	(b) "Controlled substance" means any substance defined as a controlled substance
187	under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
188	(c) "Correctional facility" means:
189	(i) any facility operated by or contracting with the Department of Corrections to house
190	offenders in either a secure or nonsecure setting;
191	(ii) any facility operated by a municipality or a county to house or detain criminal
192	offenders;
193	(iii) any juvenile detention facility; and
194	(iv) any building or grounds appurtenant to the facility or lands granted to the state,
195	municipality, or county for use as a correctional facility.
196	(d) "Medicine" means any prescription drug as defined in Title 58, Chapter 17b,
197	Pharmacy Practice Act, but does not include any controlled substances as defined in Title 58,
198	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
199	(e) "Mental health facility" [has the same meaning] is as defined in Section
200	62A-15-602.
201	(f) "Nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
202	[(f)] (g) "Offender" means a person in custody at a correctional facility.
203	[(g)] (h) "Secure area" [has the same meaning as provided] is as defined in Section
204	76-8-311.1.
205	(2) Notwithstanding Section 76-10-500, a correctional or mental health facility may
206	provide by rule that no firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, implement of escape,
207	explosive, controlled substance, spirituous or fermented liquor, medicine, or poison in any
208	quantity may be:
209	(a) transported to or upon a correctional or mental health facility;
210	(b) sold or given away at any correctional or mental health facility;

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211 (c) given to or used by any offender at a correctional or mental health facility; or 212 (d) knowingly or intentionally possessed at a correctional or mental health facility. 213 (3) It is a defense to any prosecution under this section if the accused in committing the 214 act made criminal by this section with respect to: (a) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by the Department of Corrections. 215 216 acted in conformity with departmental rule or policy; (b) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by a municipality, acted in 217 conformity with the policy of the municipality; 218 219 (c) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by a county, acted in conformity 220 with the policy of the county; or (d) [with respect to] a mental health facility, acted in conformity with the policy of the 221 222 mental health facility. 223 (4) (a) Any person who transports to or upon a correctional facility, or into a secure 224 area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of 225 escape with intent to provide or sell it to any offender, is guilty of a second degree felony. 226 (b) Any person who provides or sells to any offender at a correctional facility, or any 227 detainee at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous 228 weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony. (c) Any offender who possesses at a correctional facility, or any detainee who 229 230 possesses at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous 231 weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony. 232 (d) Any person who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional 233 facility or the secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly possesses at a correctional facility or a secure area of a mental health facility any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, 234 235 or implement of escape is guilty of a third degree felony. 236 (e) Any person violates Section 76-10-306 who knowingly or intentionally transports, possesses, distributes, or sells any explosive in a correctional facility or mental health facility. 237 (5) (a) A person is guilty of a third degree felony who, without the permission of the 238 authority operating the correctional facility or secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly 239

transports to or upon a correctional facility or into a secure area of a mental health facility any:

(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;

242	(ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or
243	(iii) poison in any quantity.
244	(b) A person is guilty of a third degree felony who knowingly violates correctional or
245	mental health facility policy or rule by providing or selling to any offender at a correctional
246	facility or detainee within a secure area of a mental health facility any:
247	(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
248	(ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or
249	(iii) poison in any quantity.
250	(c) An inmate is guilty of a third degree felony who, in violation of correctional or
251	mental health facility policy or rule, possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a
252	mental health facility any:
253	(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
254	(ii) medicine, other than medicine provided by the facility's health care providers in
255	compliance with facility policy; or
256	(iii) poison in any quantity.
257	(d) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, with the intent to directly or
258	indirectly provide or sell any tobacco product or nicotine product to an offender, directly or
259	indirectly:
260	(i) transports, delivers, or distributes any tobacco product or nicotine product to an
261	offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility;
262	(ii) solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another
263	person to transport any tobacco product or nicotine product to an offender or on any
264	correctional facility, if the person is acting with the mental state required for the commission of
265	an offense; or
266	(iii) facilitates, arranges, or causes the transport of any tobacco product or nicotine
267	product in violation of this section to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility.
268	(e) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, without the permission of the
269	authority operating the correctional or mental health facility, fails to declare or knowingly
270	possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility any:
271	(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
272	(ii) medicine; or

273	(iii) poison in any quantity.
274	(f) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor who, without the permission of the
275	authority operating the correctional facility, knowingly engages in any activity that would
276	facilitate the possession of any contraband by an offender in a correctional facility. The
277	provisions of Subsection (5)(d) regarding any tobacco product or nicotine product take
278	precedence over this Subsection (5)(f).
279	(g) Exemptions may be granted for worship for Native American inmates pursuant to
280	Section 64-13-40.
281	(6) The possession, distribution, or use of a controlled substance at a correctional
282	facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility shall be prosecuted in accordance with
283	Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
284	(7) The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
285	Rulemaking Act, to establish guidelines for providing written notice to visitors that providing
286	any tobacco product or nicotine product to offenders is a class A misdemeanor.
287	Section 5. Section 76-10-3001 is enacted to read:
288	Part 30. Nicotine Product Restrictions Act
289	<u>76-10-3001.</u> Title.
290	This part is known as the "Nicotine Product Restrictions Act."
291	Section 6. Section 76-10-3002 is enacted to read:
292	76-10-3002. Definitions.
293	As used in this part:
294	(1) "Nicotine product" means any product that:
295	(a) (i) contains nicotine; and
296	(ii) does not contain tobacco; or
297	(b) (i) contains both nicotine and tobacco; and
298	(ii) is in any of the following forms:
299	(A) a lozenge;
300	(B) a stick, except plug tobacco, that is produced to be, or intended to be, dissolved in
301	the oral cavity;
302	(C) a flat strip;
303	(D) hard or soft candy;

304	(E) a tablet;
305	<u>(F) gel;</u>
306	(G) paste;
307	(H) gum;
308	(I) lotion; or
309	(J) an item or substance that is similar to an item or substance described in Subsections
310	(1)(b)(ii)(A) through (I).
311	(2) "Place of business" includes:
312	(a) a shop;
313	(b) a store;
314	(c) a factory;
315	(d) a public garage;
316	(e) an office;
317	(f) a theater;
318	(g) a recreation hall;
319	(h) a dance hall;
320	(i) a poolroom;
321	(j) a café;
322	(k) a cafeteria;
323	(l) a cabaret;
324	(m) a restaurant;
325	(n) a hotel;
326	(o) a lodging house;
327	(p) a streetcar;
328	<u>(q)</u> a bus;
329	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
330	(s) a waiting room; and
331	(t) any other place of business.
332	(3) (a) "Provides" means selling, offering for sale, giving, furnishing, sending, or
333	causing to be sent.
334	(b) "Provides" does not include:

335	(i) the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged
336	in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others; or
337	(ii) the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a
338	package for another person without any reason to know of the package's content.
339	Section 7. Section 76-10-3003 is enacted to read:
340	76-10-3003. Provision of nicotine product prohibited.
341	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person who provides a nicotine product to
342	another is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense and a class B misdemeanor on
343	each subsequent offense.
344	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the nicotine product is:
345	(a) (i) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
346	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and
347	(ii) provided for the purpose for which it is approved; or
348	(b) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for general consumer
349	use other than a use described in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
350	Section 8. Section 76-10-3004 is enacted to read:
351	76-10-3004. Provision of nicotine product to minor prohibited.
352	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person who provides a nicotine product to a
353	person who is under the age of 19 is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense, a
354	class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor on each subsequent
355	offense.
356	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the nicotine product is:
357	(a) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
358	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and
359	(b) provided by a prescription.
360	Section 9. Section 76-10-3005 is enacted to read:
361	76-10-3005. Buying or possessing a nicotine product by a minor Penalty
362	Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
363	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), any 18 year-old person who buys or attempts
364	to buy, accepts, or has in the person's possession a nicotine product is guilty of a class C
365	misdemeanor and subject to a minimum fine or penalty of \$60.

366	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), any person under the age of 18 who buys or
367	attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the person's possession a nicotine product is subject to the
368	jurisdiction of the juvenile court and a minimum fine or penalty of \$60.
369	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53A-3-402
370	may issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school property. A cited
371	violation shall be reported to the appropriate juvenile court.
372	(4) This section does not apply to a nicotine product that is:
373	(a) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
374	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and
375	(b) provided to the person described in this section by prescription.
376	Section 10. Section 76-10-3006 is enacted to read:
377	76-10-3006. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of a nicotine product
378	Penalties.
379	(1) As used in this section:
380	(a) "Retailer" means a person who sells a nicotine product to an individual for personal
381	consumption or who operates a facility where a vending machine or a self-service display is
382	permitted under Subsection (3)(b).
383	(b) "Self-service display" means a display of a nicotine product to which the public has
384	access without the intervention of a retail employee.
385	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer who is permitted to sell a
386	nicotine product under Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b) may only sell the nicotine product in a
387	direct, face-to-face exchange between:
388	(i) an employee of the retailer; and
389	(ii) the purchaser.
390	(b) Examples of methods of sale that are not permitted under this Subsection (2)
391	include a vending machine or a self-service display.
392	(c) Subsections (2)(a) and (b) do not prohibit the use or display of a locked cabinet
393	containing a nicotine product if the locked cabinet is accessible only to the retailer or an
394	employee of the retailer.
395	(3) The following sales are permitted as exceptions to Subsection (2):
396	(a) mail-order sales of a nicotine product, if the sale is to a manufacturer, retailer, or

397	wholesaler who is permitted to sell a nicotine product under Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b);
398	(b) sales from vending machines and self-service displays that are located in a separate
399	and defined area within a facility where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19
400	years of age is present, or permitted to enter, at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or
401	legal guardian; and
402	(c) sales by a retailer from a retail store:
403	(i) which derives at least 80% of its revenue from:
404	(A) tobacco;
405	(B) tobacco related products; or
406	(C) nicotine products that the retailer is permitted to sell under Subsection
407	76-10-3003(2)(b); and
408	(ii) where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19 years of age is present, or
409	permitted to enter at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.
410	(4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies a person younger than 19 years of
411	age into an area described in Subsection (3)(b) or into a retail store as described in Subsection
412	(3)(c) and permits the person younger than 19 years of age to purchase or otherwise take a
413	nicotine product is, except as provided in Subsection 76-10-3004(2), guilty of a violation of
414	Section 76-10-3004 and subject to the penalties provided for in that section.
415	(b) Nothing in this section may be construed as permitting a person to provide a
416	nicotine product to a minor in violation of Section 76-10-3004.
417	(5) A violation of Subsection (2) or (3) is a:
418	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
419	(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
120	(c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
421	Section 11. Section 76-10-3007 is enacted to read:
122	76-10-3007. Prohibition of gift or free distribution of a nicotine product
123	Exceptions.
124	(1) The Legislature finds that nicotine products can be addictive and may lead to
125	unhealthy behavior such as the use of tobacco products.
426	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler,
127	or retailer to provide or distribute without charge any nicotine product. Any person who

428	violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor for the first offense, and is guilty of a
429	class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
430	(3) (a) A person who is permitted to provide a nicotine product under Subsection
431	76-10-3003(2)(b) may provide the nicotine product to a person who is over the age of 18
432	without charge at professional conventions where the general public is excluded.
433	(b) Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor who:
434	(i) is permitted to provide a nicotine product under Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b); and
435	(ii) gives the nicotine product described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) to a person who is over
436	the age of 18 upon the person's purchase of:
437	(A) another nicotine product that the person is permitted to provide under Subsection
438	76-10-3003(2)(b); or
439	(B) a tobacco product.
440	Section 12. Section 77-39-101 is amended to read:
441	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, or a nicotine product to an
442	underage person.
443	(1) As used in this section, "nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
444	[(1)] (2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
445	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
446	(i) Section 32A-12-203 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
447	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
448	(ii) Section 76-10-104 or 76-10-3004 by requesting an individual under the age of 19
449	years to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:
450	(A) a cigar;
451	(B) a cigarette; [or]
452	(C) tobacco in any form[:]; or
453	(D) a nicotine product.
454	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
455	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
456	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
457	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
458	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:

459	(i) alcohol; or
460	(ii) (A) a cigar;
461	(B) a cigarette; [or]
462	(C) tobacco in any form[-]; or
463	(D) a nicotine product.
464	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
465	purchase.
466	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a
467	purchase, a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
468	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
469	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
470	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
471	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
472	of alcohol [or], tobacco, or a nicotine product.
473	[(3)] (4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and
474	anyone accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted
475	purchase misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification
476	documentation in attempting the purchase.
477	$[\frac{(4)}{2}]$ An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to
478	this section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
479	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, or a
480	nicotine product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.
481	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ $(\underline{6})$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[\underbrace{(5)}]$ $(\underline{6})$ (b), a purchase attempted under
482	this section shall be conducted:
483	(i) on a random basis; and
484	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
485	than:
486	(A) four times for the attempted purchase of:
487	(I) a cigar;
488	(II) a cigarette; [or]
489	(III) tobacco in any form; [and] or

190	(IV) a nicotine product; and
491	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
192	(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if:
193	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
194	cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, or a nicotine product to an individual under the age
195	established by Section 32A-12-203 [or], 76-10-104, or 76-10-3004; and
196	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
197	reasonable suspicion.
198	[6] (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
199	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
500	was made.
501	(b) The report required by this Subsection [(6)] <u>(7)</u> shall include:
502	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
503	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
504	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
505	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
506	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
507	attempted the purchase;
508	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
509	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
510	Section 13. Coordinating H.B. 71 with H.B. 88 Technical amendments.
511	If this H.B. 71 and H.B. 88, Electronic Cigarette Restrictions, both pass, it is the intent
512	of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall prepare the
513	<u>Utah Code database for publication by:</u>
514	(1) modifying Subsection 53-3-229(3)(c) to read as follows:
515	"(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver
516	license certificate to procure [cigarettes, tobacco, or tobacco products.]:
517	(i) a cigarette;
518	(ii) an electronic cigarette, as defined in Section 76-10-101;
519	(iii) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002;
520	(iv) tobacco; or

521	(v) a tobacco product.";
522	(2) modifying Subsection 53-3-810(2)(c) to read as follows:
523	"(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered
524	identification card to procure [cigarettes, tobacco, or tobacco products.]:
525	(i) a cigarette;
526	(ii) an electronic cigarette, as defined in Section 76-10-101;
527	(iii) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002;
528	(iv) tobacco; or
529	(v) a tobacco product.";
530	(3) modifying Subsection 53A-11-908(2)(b)(ii) to read as follows:
531	"(ii) illicit use, possession, or distribution of controlled substances or drug
532	paraphernalia, and the use, possession, or distribution of the following, contrary to law:
533	(A) an electronic cigarette, as defined in Section 76-10-101;
534	(B) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002;
535	(C) tobacco; or
536	(D) alcoholic beverages [contrary to law]; and"
537	(4) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(1) to read as follows:
538	"(1) As used in this section:
539	(a) "Contraband" means any item not specifically prohibited for possession by
540	offenders under this section or Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
541	(b) "Controlled substance" means any substance defined as a controlled substance
542	under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
543	(c) "Correctional facility" means:
544	(i) any facility operated by or contracting with the Department of Corrections to house
545	offenders in either a secure or nonsecure setting;
546	(ii) any facility operated by a municipality or a county to house or detain criminal
547	offenders;
548	(iii) any juvenile detention facility; and
549	(iv) any building or grounds appurtenant to the facility or lands granted to the state,
550	municipality, or county for use as a correctional facility.
551	(d) "Electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 76-10-101.

52	[(d)] <u>(e)</u> "Medicine" means any prescription drug as defined in Title 58, Chapter 1/b,
553	Pharmacy Practice Act, but does not include any controlled substances as defined in Title 58,
554	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
555	[(e)] (f) "Mental health facility" [has the same meaning] is as defined in Section
556	62A-15-602.
557	(g) "Nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
558	[(f)] (h) "Offender" means a person in custody at a correctional facility.
559	[(g)] (i) "Secure area" [has the same meaning as provided] is as defined in Section
560	76-8-311.1.";
561	(5) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(5)(d) to read as follows:
562	(d) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, with the intent to directly or
563	indirectly provide or sell any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine product to an
564	offender, directly or indirectly:
565	(i) transports, delivers, or distributes any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or
566	nicotine product to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility;
567	(ii) solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another
568	person to transport any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine product to an offender
569	or on any correctional facility, if the person is acting with the mental state required for the
570	commission of an offense; or
571	(iii) facilitates, arranges, or causes the transport of any tobacco product, electronic
572	cigarette, or nicotine product in violation of this section to an offender or on the grounds of any
573	correctional facility.";
574	(6) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(5)(f) to read as follows:
575	"(f) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor who, without the permission of the
576	authority operating the correctional facility, knowingly engages in any activity that would
577	facilitate the possession of any contraband by an offender in a correctional facility. The
578	provisions of Subsection (5)(d) regarding any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine
579	<u>product</u> take precedence over this Subsection (5)(f).";
580	(7) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(7) to read as follows:
581	"(7) The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
582	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish guidelines for providing written notice to visitors

083	that providing any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine product to offenders is a
584	class A misdemeanor."; and
585	(8) modifying Section 77-39-101 to read as follows:
586	"77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, an electronic cigarette, or a
587	nicotine product to an underage person.
588	(1) As used in this section:
589	(a) "Electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 76-10-101.
590	(b) "Nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
591	[(1)] (2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
592	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
593	(i) Section 32A-12-203 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
594	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
595	(ii) Section 76-10-104 or 76-10-3004 by requesting an individual under the age of 19
596	years to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:
597	(A) a cigar;
598	(B) a cigarette; [or]
599	(C) tobacco in any form[.];
500	(D) an electronic cigarette; or
501	(E) a nicotine product.
502	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
503	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
504	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
505	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
606	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
507	(i) alcohol; or
608	(ii) (A) a cigar;
509	(B) a cigarette; [or]
510	(C) tobacco in any form[-];
511	(D) an electronic cigarette; or
512	(E) a nicotine product.
513	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the

614	purchase.
615	[(2)] (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a
616	purchase, a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
617	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
618	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
619	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
620	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
621	of alcohol [or], tobacco, an electronic cigarette, or a nicotine product.
622	[(3)] (4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone
623	accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase
624	misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in
625	attempting the purchase.
626	$\left[\frac{4}{5}\right]$ (5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to
627	this section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
628	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, an
629	electronic cigarette, or a nicotine product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the
630	individual.
631	[(5)] (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(5)](6)(b), a purchase attempted under
632	this section shall be conducted:
633	(i) on a random basis; and
634	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
635	than:
636	(A) four times for the attempted purchase of:
637	(I) a cigar;
638	(II) a cigarette; [or]
639	(III) tobacco in any form; [and]
640	(IV) an electronic cigarette; or
641	(V) a nicotine product; and
642	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
643	(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if:
644	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a

645	cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, an electronic cigarette, or a nicotine product to an
646	individual under the age established by Section 32A-12-203 [or], 76-10-104, or 76-10-3004;
647	and
648	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
649	reasonable suspicion.
650	[69] (7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
651	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
652	was made.
653	(b) The report required by this Subsection $[(6)]$ (7) shall include:
654	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
655	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
656	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
657	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
658	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
659	attempted the purchase;
660	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
661	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.".